

38/66 Moo 4 Tambon Lamlukka, Amphur Lamlukka, Pathumthani 12150, Thailand abimfgint@gmail.com

<u>Tech Specs; 950 – 3P (1.5) Sterling / 1.0% Pd / 0.5% Au Grain</u> (Patent Pending)

For Casting Machines

Fineness:	95.0% Silver, 1.0% Palladium - 0.5% Gold
Density:	10.4 g/ccm ~ same as Regular Sterling
Investment:	Same Investment as your current Gold & Silver Investment (Gypsum)
Melt Range:	893 – 910 C (1640 – 1670 F)
	Please protect metal with inert gas during the melting process.
Pasty Range:	882 – 902 C (1620 – 1656 F)
Casting Range:	1010 – 1050 C depending on Casting Equipment & Pieces
Hardness:	70-75 Hv
Flask Range:	You should be able to cast @ 621-648 C (1150-1200F) temperatures Depending on piece size and detail.
	Flask temperature should be "trail and error" basis (as always). Everybody's ovens are a little different.
Quench:	20 to 30 Minutes Note: 30 Minute quench will yield significantly harder pieces than 20 minutes
Pickle:	Pickling with SPAREX (Granular Sodium Bisulfate) is recommended. After pickling, the Sprues and trees (to be re-cast), should be tumbled & thoroughly rinsed & cleaned prior to casting.
Metal Mix:	We recommend 60-70% new to 30-40% old to start It is important to "thoroughly tumble and clean" the old (used) metal (of investment and oxides) prior to re-using. It is imperative to "regrain" the buttons & sprues if you plan to reuse them to eliminate the sulfur dioxide from previous melts. Good Housekeeping equals better casting results.
	Higher reusability is possible and if above parameters followed – could achieve 3 to $4 + \text{castings}$ possibly more, prior to purging depending on casting quality requirements and results.
Flux:	Not necessary with this metal. If desired – use 25% granular Boric Acid and 75% granular Borax mixed on the button.
Machine Notes:	If casting with a frequency machine, always cast "on the upswing" of the metal heating cycle. Always retrieve flask well before casting temperature is reached, then cast it when the temperature reaches set point.